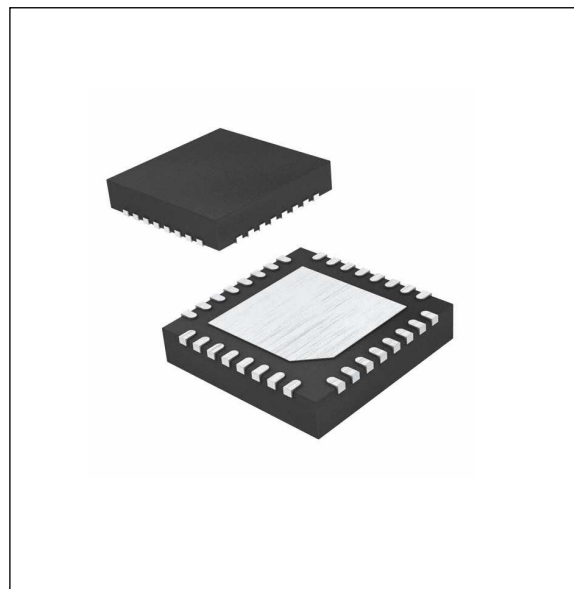

USB Charger Controller

Features

- High efficiency (> 85 % for 5V OTG; > 88 % for Charger)
- 2.5A maximum charging current
- 2A maximum discharging current
- Li-ion battery float voltage: $4.2V \pm 21mV$
- 5V discharge output, VOUT, 10W Max output power
- Bi-directional switching regulator with 500kHz PWM controller, fully integrated switching Power transistors.
- NTC Monitoring of Battery Temperature
- QFN-32 Package



1. Description

The AP9928A is a battery charge and discharge controller for 1-cell Li-ion battery.

With a 5V USB input source (from host port or charging port) is connected to VBUS, the Li-ion battery is charged to 4.2V with an accuracy of $\pm 0.5\%$. The maximum charging current for the battery is 2.5A.

When the 5V USB input source is removed, the Li-ion battery will be discharged to VOUT providing a 5V output to the load. The maximum discharging current for the battery is 2A at VOUT=5V with a max output power of 10W.

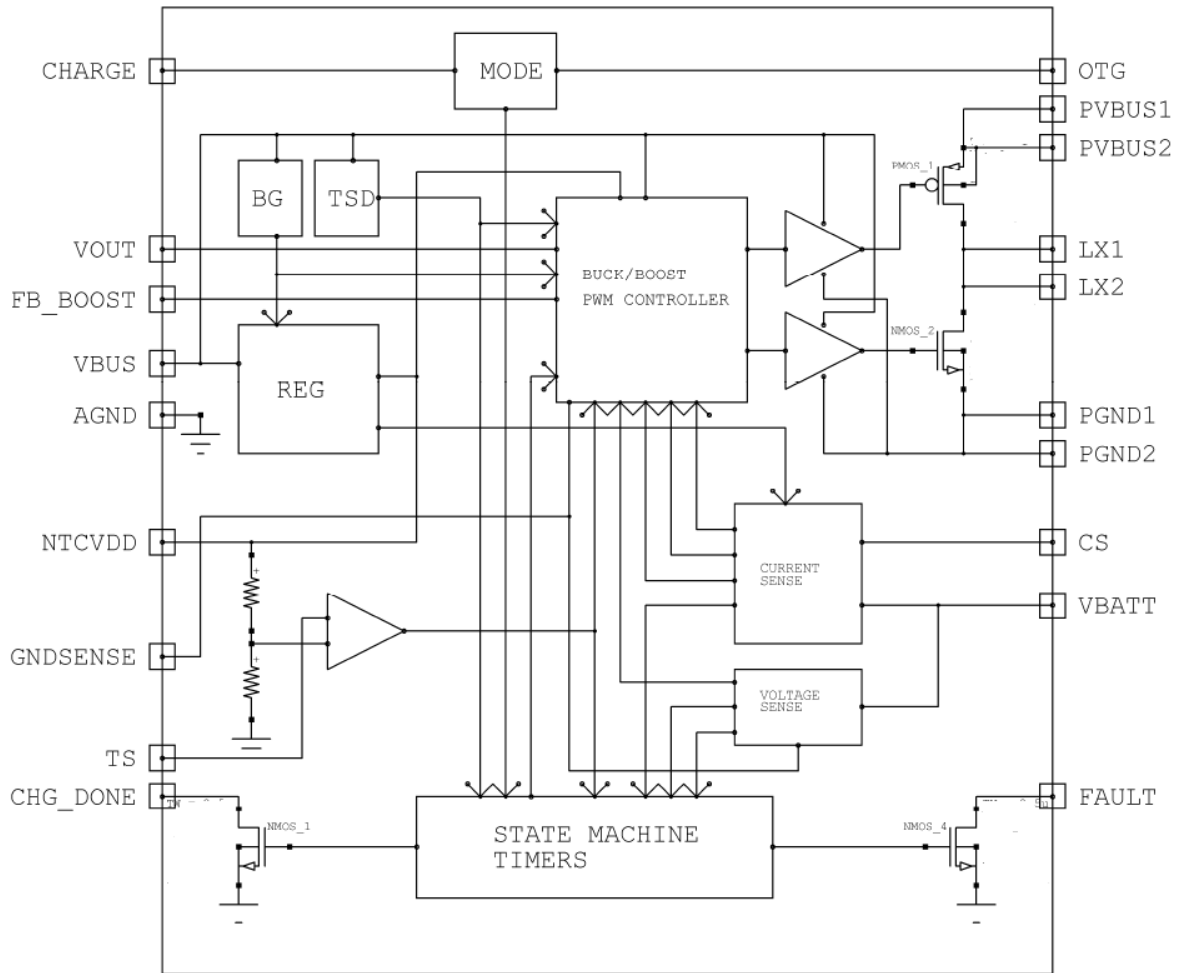
The AP9928A enters sleeping mode to save the battery power when both CHARGE and OTG are LOW.

The AP9928A can initiate and complete a charging cycle itself. It charges the battery in three phases: precharge, constant current and constant voltage. In the end, the charger automatically terminates when the safety termination timer is timeout or the end of charge current level is reached. Later on, when the battery voltage falls below the recharge threshold, the charger will automatically start another charging cycle.

The AP9928A provides various safety features for battery charging and system operation, including negative thermistor monitoring, charging safety timer.

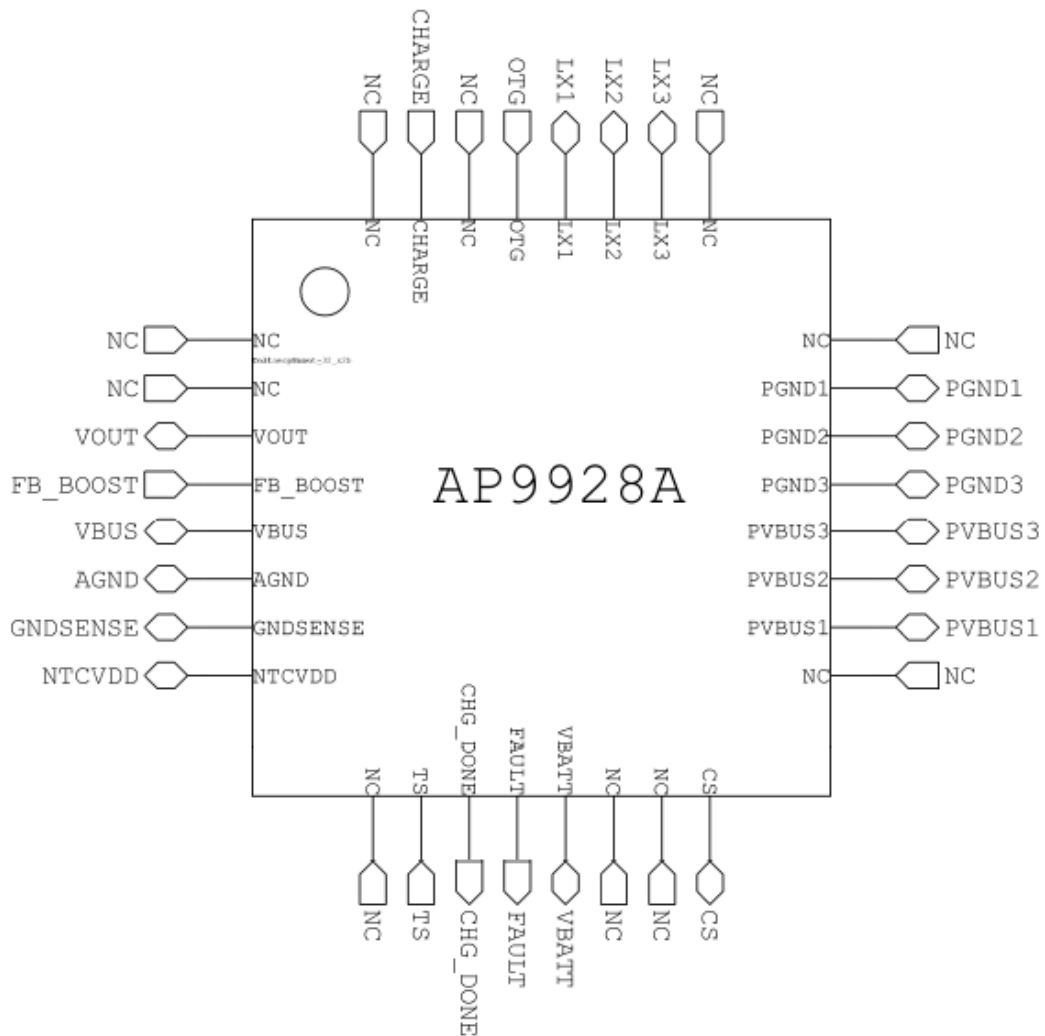
External MCU is required to drive LEDs for battery charge level, handle the user interface such as push button, USB detection, etc., and to generate the two control signals, OTG and CHARGE for the chip.

1.1 Device block diagram



2 Pin description

2.1 Pin out



QFN32 package allows more pins for the high current devices on the chip.

2.2 Preliminary pin list (QFN32)

Pin No.	Name	Description
1,2	NC	
3	VOUT	Output discharge voltage, 5V, Connect a 150uF from VOUT to PGND
4	FB_BOOST	Booster feedback connection; For typical 5V application, connect a 2M ohm resistor between pin 4 and pin3; a 590k ohm resistor from pin 4 to ground. FB_BOOST is at 1.15V when feedback loop is operating
5	VBUS	5V USB input; Connect a 10uF, max, from VBUS to PGND
6	AGND	Analog Ground
7	GNDSENSE	Battery connection point to negative terminal of the battery pack
8	NTCVDD	Internal power supply, NTC bias voltage. Connect a 1uF from this pin to analog GND
9	NC	
10	TS	Temperature sense input. Connect a negative TC (NTC) thermistor
11	CHG_DONE	Charge complete flag, open-drain output. Low active
12	FAULT	Bad battery indicator and Timeout indicator, open-drain output Bad battery: Blink at 1s interval Timeout: LED stays ON
13	VBATT	Battery connection point to positive terminal of the battery pack. Connect a 68uF from VBATT to Battery GND
14,15	NC	
16	CS	Sense input for USB input current limit
17	NC	
18	PVBUS1	VBUS Pin 1
19	PVBUS2	VBUS Pin 2
20	PVBUS3	VBUS Pin 3
21	PGND3	Power ground3,
22	PGND2	Power ground2,
23	PGND1	Power ground1,
24, 25	NC	
26	LX3	Drain of N-channel Power Switch. Connecting to output inductor.
27	LX2	Drain of N-channel Power Switch. Connecting to output inductor.
28	LX1	Drain of N-channel Power Switch. Connecting to output inductor
29	OTG	Boost mode enables, Active High, 5V
30	NC	No Connection
31	CHARGE	Charge mode enables, Active High, 5V
32	NC	

3 Electrical specifications

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 3. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
VDD	DC supply voltage	6	V
T _{op}	Operating temperature	0 to 70	°C
T _j	Junction temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T _{sta}	Storage temperature	-40 to 150	°C
HBM	ESD Susceptibility	2000	V
MM	ESD Susceptibility	TBD	V

3.2 Thermal data

Table 4. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
θ_{jc}	Junction to Case Thermal resistance. Attached to Heat Sink, still air.		31		°C/W

3.3 Electrical specifications

Unless otherwise stated, the results in [Table 5](#) below are given for the conditions: VDD = TBD V, and T_A = 25 °C.

Table 5. Electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Vdd	Internal supply voltage; NTC bias voltage			2.3		V
Isleep	Sleep mode current	In sleep mode; measured from battery		2	TBD	uA
Battery Charger (Buck mode; when Vbus > Vuvlo; CHARGE=HIGH)						
Vbus	USB input voltage		4.75	5	5.25	V
Vuvlo	Vbus UVLO	Vbus rising		4		V
Vuvlo_hys	Vbus UVLO hysteresis			100		mV
AIUSB	Vbus low threshold voltage			4.5		V
Ibus	Input quiescent current from Vbus	Vbus > Vuvlo, Charge enabled		14	TBD	mA
Ibus(LIMIT)	Total input current limit from Vbus			2500		mA
Vbatt	Battery floating voltage			4.2		V
Vbatt%	Battery voltage accuracy		-0.5		0.5	%
Vtrkl	Trickle charge threshold voltage			3		V
Vtrkl_hys	Trickle charge hysteresis voltage			200		mV
Itrkl	Trickle charging current			400		mA
ΔVrecharge	Recharge battery threshold voltage			-250		mV
Istop	End of Charge current			200		mA
	Safety timer charging period	Timer start when Vbatt > Vtrkl		480		Minutes
	Safety timer termination period	Timer start when Vbatt reaches final value		300		Minutes
Tdbp	Dead battery termination time	Vbatt < Vtrkl		30	45	Minutes

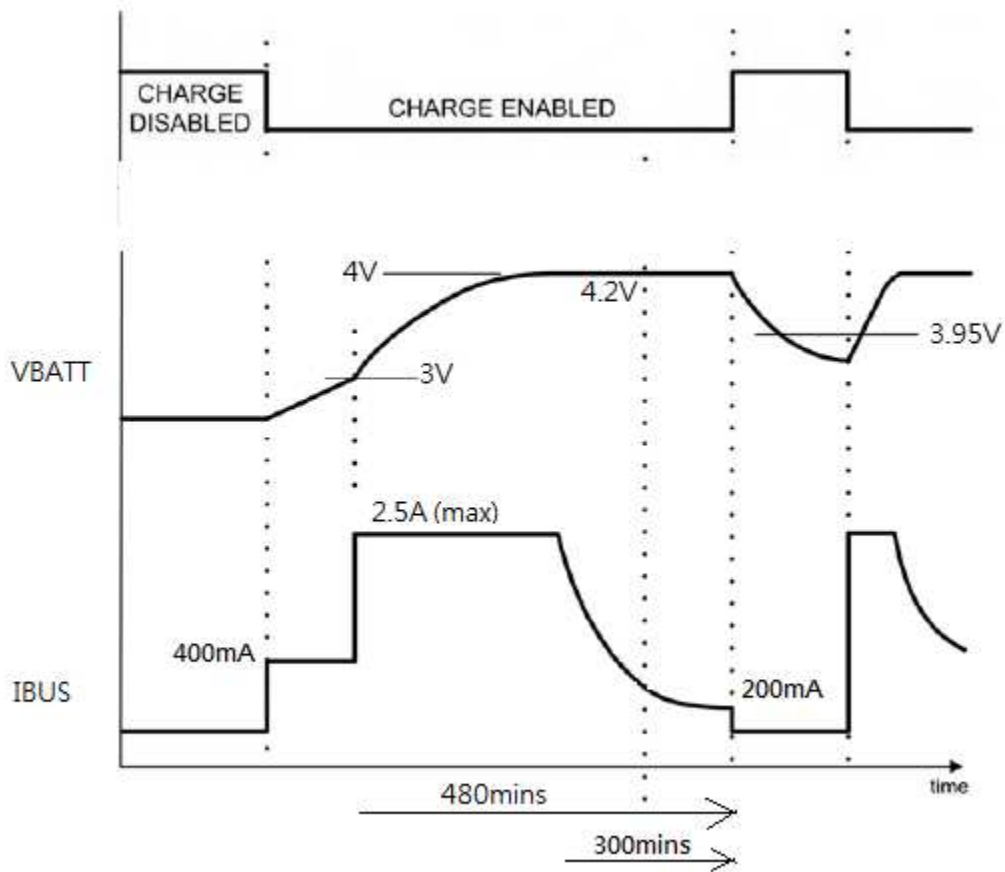
Boost Mode, VOUT (Vbatt > Vbatt_low ; OTG=HIGH)						
Vbatt_otg	Battery operating voltage for boost mode		3.2		4.2	V
Vbatt_low	Battery over discharge threshold voltage			2.8		V
V_otg	Output voltage, VOUT, range			5		V
V_otg%	Output voltage accuracy		-5		5	%
I_otg	Output current	V_otg=5V	2			A
I_otgp	Peak inductor current limit			5		A
I_otgq	Total quiescent current from Vbatt	No load at Vbus		14	TBD	mA
Vfb_boost	Feedback voltage			1.15		V
PWM Controller						
f	PWM operating frequency			500		kHz
Rdsonn	Internal bottom switching MOSFET on resistance	Measured from LX to PGND		0.2		ohm
Status indicator						
Vled_lo	Open drain pull-down voltage	Sink current =5mA			0.4	V
NTC						
Vhot	Hot temperature fault threshold			35		%Vdd
Vhot_hys	Hot temperature fault threshold hysteresis			5		%Vdd

4 Functional Description

The AP9928A is a battery charge and discharge controller for 1-cell Li-ion battery.

Battery Charging

Once the VBUS > 4V and the Charge pin is HIGH, AP9928A becomes a buck converter and start to charge the battery with a preset charging profile.



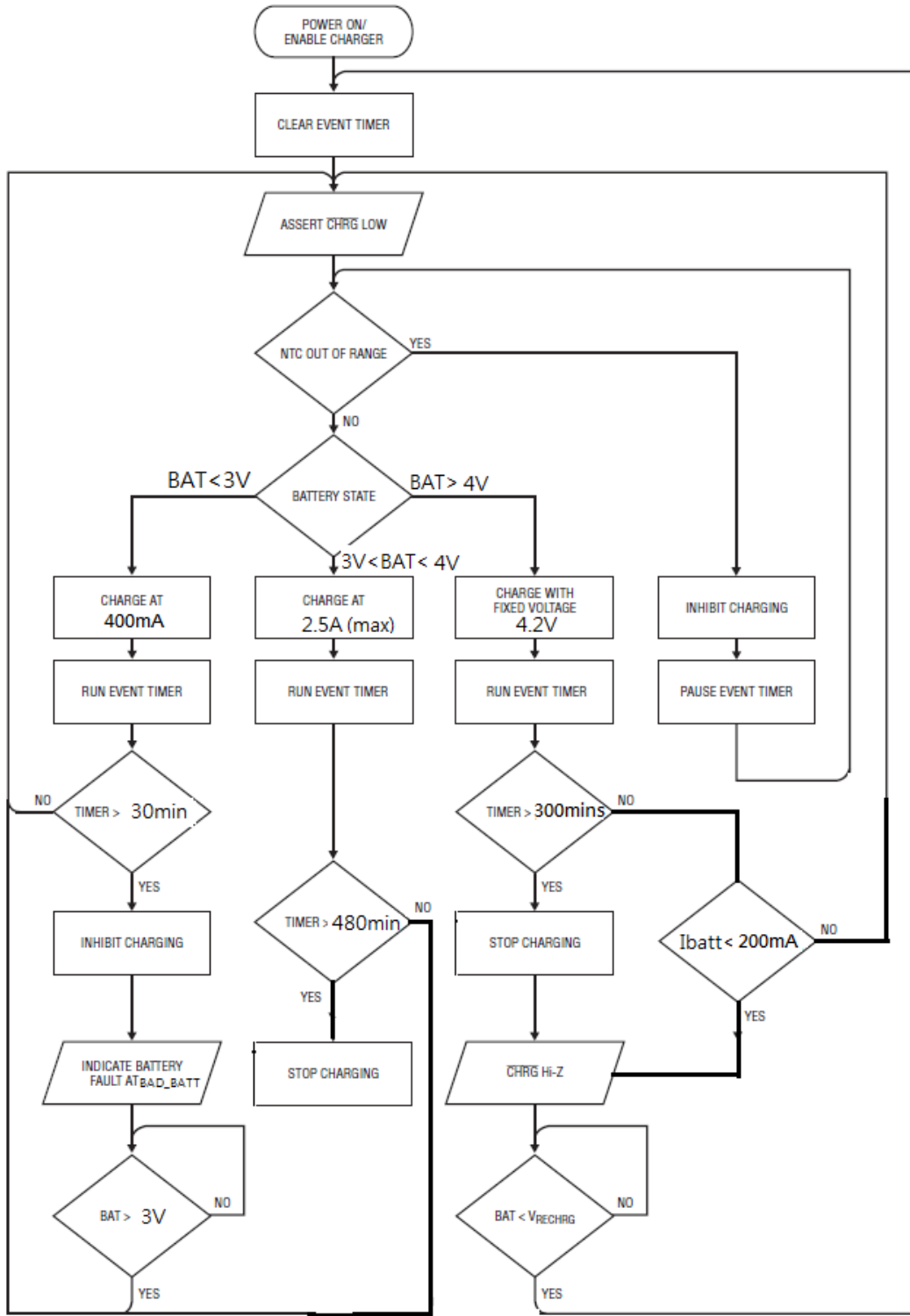
AP9928A charges the battery by the bidirectional switching regulator acts as a step-down converter in three phases, precharge, constant current and constant voltage.

When a battery charging cycle begins, the charger determines if the battery is deeply discharged. If the battery voltage is below, V_{trkl} , the charger will set a charging current of ~400mA, and a 30 minutes timer will start. If the battery voltage is still remained below V_{trkl} after timeout, the charging terminates. If the battery voltage hits, V_{trkl} , the charger begins full power constant current mode. The charging current is continuously monitored by the external current sensing resistor, 50m ohm, connected between pins CS and VBATT.

During full power charging stage, the VBUS terminal voltage is monitored. If the VBUS voltage drops below 4.5V, the charging current will reduce to avoid overloading of the input sources.

When the battery voltage reaches 4V, the charger begins constant voltage mode. The charging current will reduce and the battery voltage is regulated by the charger. When the battery voltage reaches its final value, the voltage will be regulated and the charging current will reduce. When either safety termination timer timeout or the end of charge current level is reached, the charging stops.

Battery Charger Flow Chart



Battery Charging Flow Chart

Boost Mode

For USB On-The-Go applications, the bidirectional switching regulator acts as a step-up converter to deliver power from VBatt to VBUS. As a step-up converter, the bidirectional switching regulator produces 5V on VOUT and is capable of delivering at least 2000mA at VOUT=5V. USB On-The-Go will be enabled

when OTG pin is HIGH and battery voltage is above vbatt_low.

The output voltage at boost mode is defined by the ratio of resistors R20 and R19, according to the following equation:

$$V_{out} = V_{fb_boost} (1 + R20/R21)$$

Target value for V_{fb_boost} is 1.15V. However, this reference voltage will vary from chip to chip and should have a distribution of around +/-5%.

Protection – NTC Thermistor

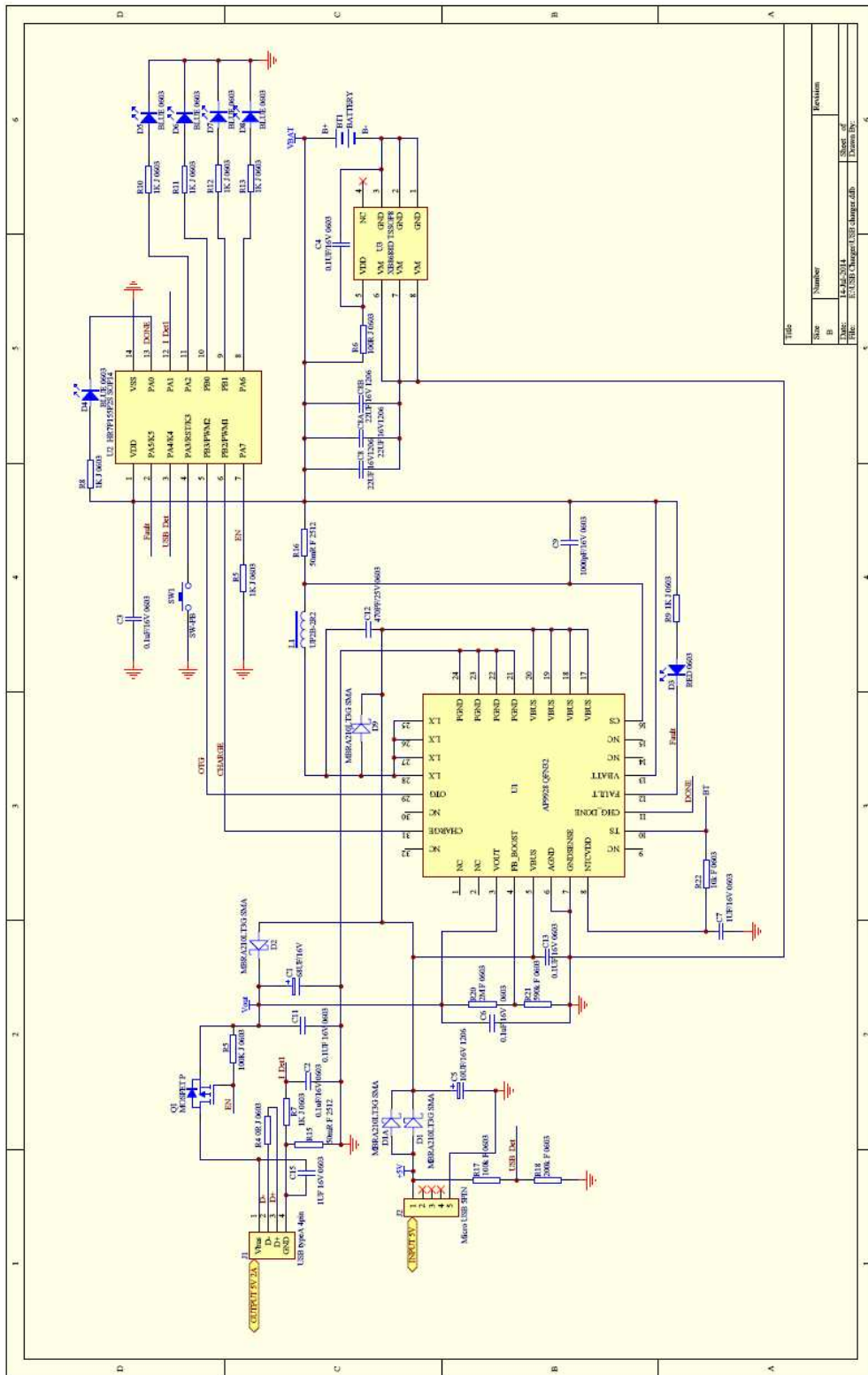
The battery temperature is measured by the negative temperature coefficient (NTC) thermistor placed close to the battery. To use this feature, connect the NTC thermistor, R_{NTC} , between the TS pin and ground and a bias resistor, R_{NOM} , from VDD to TS. R_{NOM} should be a 1% 200ppm resistor with a value equal to the value of the chosen NTC thermistor at 25°C, R25.

As the temperature rises, the resistance of the NTC thermistor drops. The AP9928A will pause charging when the resistance of the NTC thermistor drops to 0.54 times the value of R25. The hot comparator has a hysteresis to prevent oscillation about the trip point.

Critical Components Selection

- L1: Inductor, 2.2uH: UP2B-2R2, Coiltronics
- D1: Schottky diode: MBRA210LT3G, On Semiconductor. 2pcs connected in parallel.
- C8: Capacitor, 68uF (22uF x 3)
- C7: Capacitor, 1uF
- C5: Capacitor, 10uF
- C1: Capacitor, 150uF
- R16: Resistor, 50mΩ (60mΩ for 4.2A battery current limit)
- R21: Resistor, 590kΩ
- R20: Resistor, 2000kΩ
- LED

5 Application circuit



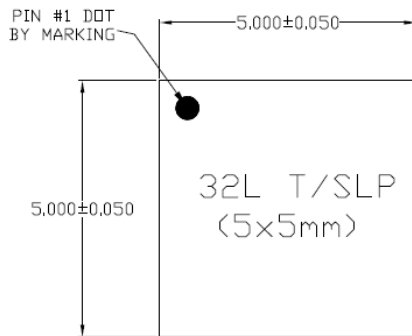
The system comprises the AP9928A controller chip, a Lithium battery protector and an MCU.

5.1 BOM

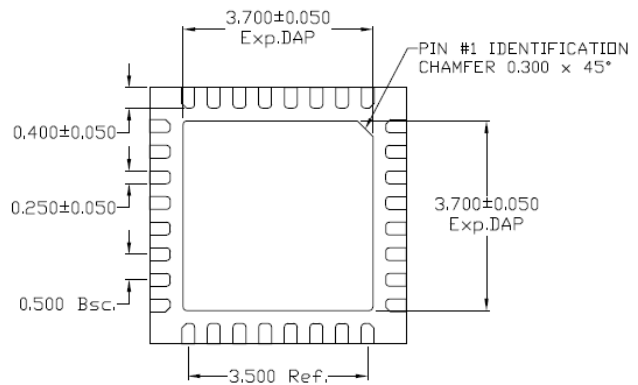
AP9928A QFN32

Comment	Description	Designator	Footprint	LibRef	Quantity
150μF Electrolytic cap		C1			1
0.1uF/16V 0603		C3, C4,	0603C		2
10UF/16V 1206		C5	1206C-T		1
NC		C6	0603C		1
1UF/16V 0603		C7	0603C		1
22UF/16V 1206		C8	1206C-T		3
1000pF/16V 0603		C9	0603C		1
470pF/25V 0603		C12	0603C		1
MBRAF440T3 SMA or MBRA210LT3G		D1, D9	SMA		2
0R J 2010		D2	SMA		1
RED 0603		D3	LED0603		1
BLUE 0603		D4, D5, D6, D7, D8	LED0603		5
USB typeA 4pin		J1, J3	USB-A		2
Micro USB 5PIN		J2	MICRO USB-B		1
UP2B-2R2		L1	UP2B		1
50mR F 2512		R5, R15, R16	2512R		3
100R J 0603		R6	0603R		1
1K J 0603		R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, R25	0603R		9
100k F 0603		R17	0603R		1
200k F 0603		R18	0603R		1
75K F 0603		R19, R28	0603R		2
2M F 0603		R20	0603R		1
590k F 0603		R21	0603R		1
10k F 0603		R22	0603R		1
0R J 0603		R4, R24	0603R		3
SW-PB(6*6*3mm)		SW1	KEY6*6-S		1
AP9928A QFN32		U1	QFN32 5*5		1
HR7P155P2S SOP14		U2	SOP14		1
XB8688B		U3	TSSOP8		1
Power Bank V0.1 20140327		PCB			1

6 Package Information



TOP VIEW

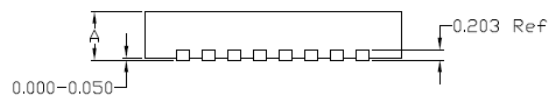


BOTTOM VIEW

NOTE:

1) TSLP AND SLP SHARE THE SAME EXPOSE OUTLINE BUT WITH DIFFERENT THICKNESS:

		TSLP	SLP
A	MAX.	0.800	0.900
	NOM.	0.750	0.850
	MIN.	0.700	0.800



SIDE VIEW

Prelim

7 Revision History

Revision No.	Revision Date	Description
0.1	12/06/14	Initial release
0.2	24/7/14	Updated package information
0.3	8/12/15	Updated pin assignment table for QFN32

Preliminary

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Preliminary